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analysis is inadequate or that it shows that the proposed conversion will interfere with attainment or maintenance of air quality standards or cause any PSD increment to be exceeded. then EPA shall so inform the State of its determination, and the permit authorizing conversion shall not become effective and conversion shall not occur until an adequate analysis is submitted or, if necessary, until a control strategy revision which would require any necessary emission reductions is submitted by the State and placed into effect as an EPA approved revision to the implementation plan. In addition, this same procedure shall apply to any State permit applied for that would authorize a relaxation in the sulfur-incoal limitation at any such facility, as defined above in this paragraph, having already been granted a permit to convert to coal.

(c) The U.S. Gypsum Co. in Clark, New Jersey is permitted to burn fuel oil with a sulfur content of 2.0 percent, by weight, at either Boiler #1, #2 or #3 until March 31, 1985 or until Boiler #4 is ready to burn coal, whichever occurs first. Such oil burning must conform with New Jersey requirements and conditions as set forth in applicable regulations and administrative orders.

[39 FR 1439, Jan. 9, 1974, as amended at 44 FR 31979, June 4, 1979; 44 FR 38471, July 2, 1979; 49 FR 30179, July 27, 1984]

§ 52.1602 Control strategy and regulations: $PM_{2.5}$.

(a) Approval—On May 18, 2006, New Jersey submitted an early $PM_{2.5}$ implementation plan to set motor vehicle emissions budgets for the New Jersey portion of the New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT, $PM_{2.5}$ nonattainment area. The budgets were allocated by metropolitan planning organization as follows: North Jersey Transportation Planning Authority: 1,207 tons per year of direct $PM_{2.5}$ and 61,676 tons per year of NO_X; Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission: 89 tons per year of direct $PM_{2.5}$ and 4,328 tons per year of NO_{X} .

(b) Approval—On February 25, 2008, New Jersey submitted a revision to its early PM_{2.5} implementation plan to revise the motor vehicle emissions budgets for the Mercer County, New Jersey

portion of the New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT, $PM_{2.5}$ nonattainment area. The revised budgets, applicable to the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission, are as follows: 108 tons per year of direct $PM_{2.5}$ and 5,056 tons per year of NO_X .

[73 FR 24870, June 5, 2008]

§52.1603 Significant deterioration of air quality.

- (a) The requirements of sections 160 through 165 of the Clean Air Act are not met, since the plan does not include approvable procedures for preventing the significant deterioration of air quality.
- (b) Regulations for preventing significant deterioration of air quality. The provisions of §52.21 except paragraph (a)(1) are hereby incorporated and made a part of the applicable State plan for the State of New Jersey.

[43 FR 26410, June 19, 1978, as amended at 45 FR 52741, Aug. 7, 1980; 68 FR 11323, Mar. 10, 2003; 68 FR 74489, Dec. 24, 2003]

§52.1604 Control strategy and regulations: Total suspended particulates.

(a) Any variance issued by the Department under N.J.A.C. Title 7, Chapter 27, section 6.5, subsections (a), (b), or (c) shall not exempt any person from the requirements otherwise imposed by N.J.A.C. 7:27–6.1 et seq.; Provided that the Administrator may approve such variance as a plan revision when the provisions of this part, section 110(a)(3)(A) of the Act, and 40 CFR, part 51 (relating to approval of and revisions to State implementation plans) have been satisfied with respect to such variance.

(b) Particulates emissions from units 1 and 2 of the Atlantic City Electric Company's B.L. England Generating Station are limited to an emission rate of 0.5 lbs/million BTU until March 31, 1982 and June 1, 1982, respectively. The opacity associated with such emissions from these units during this period shall not exceed 40 percent. On and after March 31, 1982 for unit 1, and June 1, 1982 for unit 2, these units shall be limited to an emission rate of 0.1 lbs/